IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE WESTERN DISTRICT OF MISSOURI WESTERN DIVISION

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,)
Plaintiff,)
v.) Case No. 07-00411-03-CR-W-HFS
LAFAYETTE BROWN,)
Defendant.)

ORDER

Defendant has been in detention for more than fifteen months awaiting trial in this multidefendant litigation, the complexity of which is suggested by the filing of more than 200 documents, many of which deal with multiple subjects. He contends he has been denied his Sixth Amendment right to a speedy trial, while tacitly acknowledges there has been no statutory violation. The principle case relied on is <u>United States v. Shepard</u>, 462 F.3d 847 (8th Cir. 2006), largely because of a reference to presumptive prejudice when delay exceeds one year. In that case a 17 month delay was held to be Constitutionally permissible. It is apparent, from the lack of pertinent citations, that the examination of the delay issue is highly fact-specific.

Magistrate Judge Larsen, who has been intimately involved in the pretrial preparations, has issued a report and recommendation (Doc. 209) urging denial of the motion. I have reviewed the record and the briefing. While it is unfortunate and troubling that there has been lengthy pretrial incarceration that in effect punishes significantly in advance of a guilty verdict I am unable to conclude that there has been a Sixth Amendment violation.

According to defendant's briefing, while the client may have been impatient, counsel had

been insistent that trial commence no later than November 3, 2008. Doc. 208, page 3. The delays

since then have been aggravating, but are not attributable to the Government, and cannot plausibly

be described as breaking points regarding defendant's memory. Absent a record to the contrary I

would suppose that pertinent memories are not much more likely to have faded after 15 months than

after eight or ten months, although I take it that defendant will have an appeal point that I am not

putting much reliance on the 12 month "presumption." Whether highly detailed and thus forgettable

testimony is required from defendant is not shown at this stage but may be developed at trial.*

For reasons stated by Judge Larsen and outlined here, the motion to dismiss (Doc. 208) is

hereby DENIED.

/s/ Howard F. Sachs

HOWARD F. SACHS

UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE

April <u>16</u>, 2009

Kansas City, Missouri

*Delay should enhance the power of cross-examination of the Government witness who identifies misconduct by defendant.